



RAJASTHAN PANORAMA

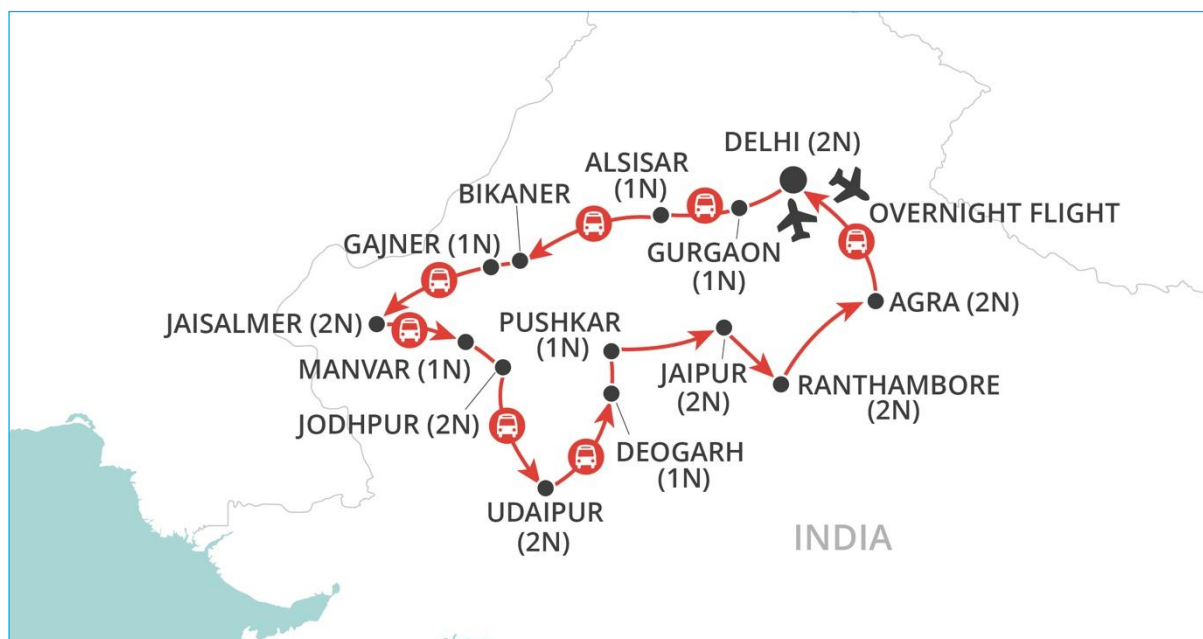
2024 - Classic Tour | 23 Days | Physical Level 2

Gurgaon – Alsisar – Gajner – Jaisalmer – Manvar – Jodhpur – Udaipur – Deogarh –
Pushkar – Jaipur – Ranthambore – Agra - Delhi

Rajasthan conjures up images of maharajas and palaces and is regarded as one of the most colourful and exciting states in all of India. Marvel at the beauty of this region's diverse landscapes, as you travel across deserts, lakes and national parks.

- Explore the heritage town of Alsisar
- Stay overnight in the desert
- Marvel at the imposing Mehrangarh Fort
- Discover vibrant Jaipur
- Visit the magnificent Taj Mahal
- Discover the colourful bazaars of Delhi

TOUR MAP



RAJASTHAN PANORAMA TOUR INCLUSIONS:

- Return international economy flights, taxes and current fuel surcharges (unless a land only option is selected)
- All accommodation
- All meals
- All sightseeing and entrance fees
- All transportation and transfers
- English speaking National Escorts (if your group is 10 or more passengers) or Local Guides
- India visa fees for New Zealand passport holders (please see visa section below for further information)
- Specialist advice from our experienced travel consultants
- Comprehensive travel guides
- Safe and secure with IATA

The only thing you may have to pay for are personal expenditure e.g. drinks, optional excursions or shows, insurance of any kind, customary tipping, early check in or late check out and other items not specified on the itinerary.

CLASSIC TOURS:

These tours are designed for those who wish to see the iconic sites and magnificent treasures of India on an excellent value group tour whilst travelling with like-minded people. The tours are on a fully inclusive basis, so you'll travel with the assurance that all your arrangements are taken care of. You will be accompanied by our dedicated and professional National Escorts and local guides, whose unparalleled knowledge will turn your holiday into an unforgettable experience.

PHYSICAL LEVEL 2:

All our tours feature a physical rating to help you select the right holiday for you. To travel on any of our tours requires unaided mobility and the ability to stroll around the sights. 'Rajasthan Panorama' tour is rated 2 on the physical level scale. A reasonable level of fitness is required but it's more about spending time on your feet rather than covering large distances. You'll be getting on and off coaches and boats, walking around the sights and climbing some steps.

- There will be sightseeing on foot for both short and extended periods of time
- Sightseeing at nearly all of the palaces, fortresses and some temples involves climbing quite a number of steps, often without handrails
- You will be required to get on and off various sizes of boats and rickshaws throughout the tour

Of course, our National Escorts and local guides will always endeavour to provide the highest level of service and assistance; however, they cannot be expected to cater for customers who are unfit to complete the itinerary. If you require any more information about the pace of our tours, please contact our reservations team who will be happy to answer your questions.

JOINING YOUR TOUR:

The tour is 23 days in duration including international flights. Please note, due to flight schedules passengers may depart/arrive on Day 2.

Travellers booked on 'Land Only', the price includes your arrival/departure airport transfers if arriving/departing on the start and conclusion date of your tour. Please advise your international flight times to Reservations so we can arrange your transfers accordingly.

Join the tour on Day 2 in Delhi and end the tour on Day 22 in Delhi. Please refer to your final itinerary for more specific meeting instructions pertaining to your departure.

DETAILED ITINERARY

Day 1-2: Arrive Delhi, transfer to Gurgaon

Meals: D

Upon arrival in Delhi, your National Escort or Local Guide from Wendy Wu Tours will meet you at the Delhi International Airport in the Arrivals Hall. Together with other group members who may be arriving at a similar time, you will transfer approximately 45 minutes to your hotel in Gurgaon and check-in.



Day 3: Gurgaon to Alsisar

Meals: B, L, D

This morning the tour introduction will either be held in the hotel or on the coach.

Drive approximately 7 to 8 hours to the heritage town of Alsisar for a picture of village life in rural Rajasthan and have lunch en route. There is no sightseeing on arrival in Alsisar so the rest of the day is at your leisure.

Destination Information

Alsisar - Alsisar, located in the Shekhawati region, provides the visitor a non-commercialised picture of village life in rural Rajasthan. The whole area of Shekhawati has beautiful frescoes, havelis and mansions and is often referred to as an open-air art gallery.

Day 4: Alsisar to Bikaner/Gajner

Meals: B, L, D

Drive approximately 7 to 8 hours to the desert town of Bikaner. Visit the impressive Junagarh Fort to commence easy sightseeing including a rickshaw ride through medieval streets to the Old City Bazaar. Discover the Prachina Bikaner Cultural Centre and Museum and enjoy lunch at the museum café.



Afterwards continue driving approximately 45 minutes and check into your hotel, a former palace.

Destination Information

Junagarh Fort - Built by Raja Tai Singh in 1588, Junagarh is one of the most impressive forts in India. The various palaces at Junagarh Fort include the Chandra Mahal (Moon Palace) with mirror work, carvings and marble decorations and the Phool Mahal (Flower Palace). The royal chapel is Har Mandir, where royal weddings and births were once celebrated.

Prachina Bikaner Cultural Centre and Museum - Established by Siddhi Kumari, daughter of Late Maharaja Narendra Singhji of Bikaner, in 2000 with a vision to preserve Bikaner's rich cultural diversity and to showcase monolithic identity of Bikaner in form of a Museum. Siddhi Kumari's endeavor is in line with the Bikaner royal family's rich and glorious tradition of establishing institutions for public benefits.

Bikaner - A major desert town in northern Rajasthan that was founded in 1488.

Day 5: Bikaner/Gajner to Jaisalmer

Meals: B, L, D

This morning drive approximately 7 hours to Jaisalmer and check into the hotel. In the afternoon, head out of town to Sunset Point for leisurely sightseeing including a local market.



Destination Information

Jaisalmer - Founded by Prince Jaisala in 1156, it has been dubbed the 'Golden City' because of the honey-coloured sandstone walls, emphasized by the setting sun. It was once a flourishing trade centre, strategically located on the busy caravan trade route to Afghanistan and Central Asia. Jaisalmer's wealthy traders and rulers vied with each other to beautify their austere desert surroundings with splendid palaces and havelis. Made of the local golden-yellow sandstone, they are the most spectacular example of the Rajasthani stonemason's art.

Sunset Point - A vantage point from where you can view the city, including the fort.

Day 6: Jaisalmer

Meals: B, L, D

This morning's sightseeing takes place at the Jaisalmer Fort, built atop the 80m-high Trikuta Hill. Explore the Fort, then continue to the beautifully carved Jain temples and Badal Vilas Palace for approximately 2 to 3 hours sightseeing on foot.



After lunch, drive approximately 1 and half hours to the Sam Sand Dunes. Sightseeing here involves a camel ride at sunset in the Thar Desert National Park before returning to the hotel for dinner. Tourist numbers can be high as camel rides have become very popular, which has led to tourists littering in the area. If time permits, your guide will try to lead the group away from the crowds.

Destination Information

Jaisalmer Fort - The fort rises like a fabulous mirage out of the sands of the Thar Desert. The impressive contours of its 99 bastions are softened by the golden hue of the stone. Built in 1156 by Maharawal Jaisal and added to by his successors, this citadel stands on the peak of the 80m-high Trikuta Hill.

In medieval times, Jaisalmer's entire population lived within the fort and to this day thousands of people reside here, making it India's only living fort. Royal palaces, a cluster of Jain temples, mansions and shops are all contained within its walls.

Jain Temples - Located within the fort walls, the 7 yellow intricately carved sandstone Jain temples date back to the 15th and 16th century.

Sam Sand Dunes - The picturesque sand dunes are located 42km west of Jaisalmer in the midst of the Thar Desert.

Day 7: Jaisalmer to Manvar

Meals: B, L, D

Depart Jaisalmer and drive for approximately 4 hours into the Thar Desert to Manvar. This afternoon travel by camel and jeep safari to Bishnoi villages and meet the local people.

You will have a memorable overnight stay in a tented camp in the desert. The camp consists of 30 deluxe tents tastefully decorated, all with bathrooms providing running hot and cold water. Meals are provided in the dining tent, which offers breathtaking views of the sunrise, sunset and the surrounding countryside. Evenings are livened up by campfire, mashaals and local musicians and dancers.



Please bring an overnight bag as there is the option to leave your main luggage on the coach or at the nearby Manvar Resort.

Manvar Resort is used if the camp is unavailable (The camp is closed from mid-April to September). Manvar Resort is located 7km from the camp and is designed in a 'village settlement' style.

Destination Information

Manvar Desert Camp - Spend a memorable night in the midst of the wilderness surrounded by sand dunes.

Local Bishnoi Village - The Bishnois follow 29 principles of a non-violent Vaishnavas sect, founded in the 15th century by Jambeswarji.

Day 8: Manvar to Jodhpur

Meals: B, L, D

Today drive approximately 3 hours to Jodhpur, located on the edge of the Thar Desert. Upon arrival proceed to your hotel and check-in for a two-night stay.

**Destination Information**

Jodhpur - Known as the 'blue city' due to the vivid blue painted houses in the old city. It is the second largest city in Rajasthan and is located at the entrance to the Thar Desert in a region called Marwar. The old city, founded in 1459, is surrounded by a 10km-long wall and situated on a 125m-high hill.

Day 9: Jodhpur

Meals: B, L, D

Sightseeing today begins with a visit to Jaswant Thada, the royal cremation grounds. Continue on to explore the imposing Mehrangarh Fort, where sightseeing involves approximately two hours on foot and some steps. Next stop is Umaid Bhawan Palace. Sightseeing here involves approximately one hour of easy walking around the palace and museum.



Later take an auto rickshaw to a local restaurant for lunch before enjoying a walking tour through Subzi Mandi, the local vegetable and spice market.

Destination Information

Jaswant Thada - A 19th century royal cenotaph built in honor of Maharaja Jaswant Singh II, the 33rd ruler of Jodhpur.

Mehrangarh Fort - Raised 120m above the city's skyline, Mehrangarh Fort is one of the most magnificent and best-preserved forts in India. Within the fort are some magnificent palaces with meticulously carved panels, latticed windows known as Jarokhas. The chambers of Moti Mahal, Phool Mahal, Sheesh Mahal, the Sileh Khana and the Daulat Khana are noteworthy for the splendour and glamour of a bygone era.

Umaid Bhawan Palace - One of the last great palaces in India, it now houses a remarkable museum.

Day 10: Jodhpur - Udaipur

Meals: B, L, D

After breakfast depart Jodhpur and travel approximately 4 hours to Ranakpur where you will visit the largest Jain temple complex in India. Sightseeing here involves 30 minutes of easy walking. Drive a further two hours to Udaipur.

**Destination Information**

Ranakpur - A Jain temple complex built in the 15th century and located in the lovely valley of the Aravalli. The main temple in the complex is the Chaumukha (four-faced) Temple, built in 1439. Its 29 halls are supported by 1,444 pillars, of which no two are alike. Also visit the Surya Temple, dedicated to Surya the Sun God, and other Jain temples.

Udaipur - The origins of Udaipur are based on a legend which tells of a holy sage that Maharaja Udai Singh encountered while hunting in the foothills of the Aravalli Range in Mewar. The sage told the King to build a palace in that exact spot and it would be well-protected and so with this advice, Maharaja Udai Singh built his residence there. At the time, Chittorgarh was the capital of Mewar state, however in 1568 Chittorgarh was attacked by the Mughal emperor Akbar, and so Maharaja Udai Singh moved the capital to Udaipur.

Day 11: Udaipur

Meals: B, L, D

Begin the day with a drive around Fateh Sagar Lake. Tour the city at a leisurely pace of approximately 1 to 2 hours, visiting sites such as the Sahelion Ki Bari Gardens, the Folk Museum and Mewar Art Gallery.



After lunch, explore the City Palace for approximately two hours. At the palace, there are many stairs without handrails, so please be cautious. Before sunset take a relaxing cruise on Lake Pichola, passing the Lake Palace.

Destination Information

Fateh Sagar Lake - An artificial lake built in 1678 embellished with three islands, one of which houses a garden café.

Lake Pichola - The 4km long Lake Pichola is fringed with hills, palaces, havelis, ghats and temples. While on the cruise you will see the Lake Palace, formally known as Jag Niwas, built between 1734 and 1751. It was once a royal summer retreat and is now one of the world's greatest hotels.

Sahelion Ki Bari Gardens - A delightful 18th century retreat in the north of the city was built for the Queen of Udaipur, whose dowry included 48 maids.

City Palace - The City Palace, built in 1725 overlooking Lake Pichola, comprises of 11 palaces including the Dilkhush Mahal, Sheesh Mahal, Moti Mahal and the Palace of Lord Krishna, all of which are ornately decorated. Today, the City Palace of Udaipur is still home to Maharaja Udai Singh's descendents who remain rulers of this independent state.

Day 12: Udaipur to Deogarh

Meals: B, L, D

Travel approximately four hours to Deogarh, stopping enroute to visit the small town of Eklingji to explore a temple. Proceed to Deogarh and upon arrival check in to your hotel, an imposing 17th-century palace standing atop of a hill. The palace offers a panoramic view of the Aravalli mountain range and the numerous lakes spread throughout the countryside. This evening, enjoy a royal dinner with folk music and dancing.

Destination Information

Eklingji - One of the most famous temples in Rajasthan, Eklingji Temple is dedicated to Lord Shiva. Admire the exquisite architecture and the four-faced idol of Eklingji (Lord Siva).

Deogarh - Deogarh is situated on the right bank of the River Betwa at the Western end of the Lalitpur range of hills. The chief of Deogarh, known as 'the Rawat', was one of 16 Umraos (feudal barons) entitled to wait upon the Maharana of Udaipur.

Day 13: Deogarh to Pushkar

Meals: B, L, D

This morning after breakfast transfer to the local railway station and board a rural 1930s train, enjoying a short ride through the wooded hills from Deogarh to Phulad. Here disembark the train and continue by road north to Pushkar. Continue your drive for approximately 5 hours to Pushkar and check into your hotel.

Take a walking tour of the market and admire Brahma Temple.



Please Note: The train from Deogarh to Phulad is not available for passengers traveling during the Pushkar fair period November 20-28 2023 and November 9-15 2024. You will instead travel by coach directly from Deogarh to Pushkar.

Destination Information

Pushkar - The village of Pushkar lies 11km from Ajmer on the edge of the Thar Desert. At its heart is one of India's most sacred lakes, Pushkar Lake. There are 52 ghats around the lake and numerous temples.

Brahma Temple - An important pilgrimage centre for Hindus. The temple is constructed of marble and houses a statue of Lord Brahma in the seated position.

Day 14: Pushkar to Jaipur

Meals: B, L, D

Depart Pushkar and begin the drive to Jaipur, approximately 3 and half hours. This afternoon, explore the striking Maharaja's City Palace and the UNESCO World Heritage listed ancient Jantar Mantar Observatory. Sightseeing this afternoon involves approximately two hours on foot and climbing of steps in the City Palace.



Jaipur is a larger city where it would be unwise to wander around without your Local Guide at night as there have been reports of pickpockets.

Destination Information

Jaipur - Jaipur was founded in 1727, at a time when Mughal power within India was declining. At this time, the then Maharaja Jai Singh moved his capital from Amber Fort down onto the plain below. The city is now the capital of Rajasthan State and commonly called the 'Pink City' because of the pink paint on the buildings in the old city area. This was apparently done to imitate the magnificent, red sandstone buildings of the Mughals and in an attempt to impress the Prince of Wales when he visited Jaipur in 1876.

Maharaja's City Palace - A former royal residence located in the heart of the old city. Part of the building has been converted into a museum, while the royal family of Jaipur still uses the remaining sections of the palace as a private residence.

Jantar Mantar Observatory - The largest stone and marble crafted observatory in the world is located just outside the City Palace. The observatory has 17 large instruments, many of them still in working condition.

Day 15: Jaipur

Meals: B, L, D

Sightseeing this morning involves 2 to 3 hours on foot. Today's explorations include a photo stop at Hawa Mahal (Palace of the Winds), which is viewed from the street side opposite, as entrance is not granted to tour groups.



Continue to Amber Fort and board a jeep to ride from the bus park to the palace entrance. We have not included the elephant ride up to the palace in your itinerary because of the unreliability of this service. Inside the fort explore the Hall of Victory. There are a number of steps within the fort.

Later try your hand at local handicraft at a printing and carpet weaving textile workshop, before enjoying sometime to shop at the lively bazaar in Choti Choper. Sightseeing this afternoon involves approximately two hours on foot and climbing of steps.

Later, have dinner at a local restaurant and enjoy live music and traditional entertainment.

Destination Information

Hawa Mahal (Palace of the Winds) - Hawa Mahal is a five-story palace erected in 1799 by the Sawai Pratap Singh so that the veiled ladies of his harem could observe, unnoticed, the lively street scenes below.

Amber Fort - Built from yellow and pink sandstone and white marble, Amber Fort was built in the 16th century by Raja Man Singh. Inside the fort visit the Hall of Victory which houses the famed Sheesh Mahal.

Day 16-17: Ranthambore National Park

Meals: B, L, D

Leave Jaipur and head south for 5 to 6 hours to Ranthambore National Park. This afternoon will be free for you to relax in the resort. The following day you will enjoy morning and afternoon canter (jeep-like vehicle) safaris for the chance to spot the local wildlife, returning to your hotel for lunch in between. The safaris involve 2 to 3 hours driving on uneven and unsealed tracks. During the canter safaris there are no bathrooms, please keep this in mind.



Please note: You will need to bring your passport to allow entry into the park.

Destination Information

Ranthambore National Park - Is one of the prime examples of Project Tiger's conservation efforts in Rajasthan. The forest around Ranthambore was once the private hunting grounds of the Maharajas of Jaipur and is one of the largest national parks in Northern India. Ranthambore National Park is renowned for its tiger population; however you may also come across other wild animals such as leopard, nilgai, wild boar, sambar, hyena and sloth bear.

Day 18: Ranthambore to Agra

Meals: B, L, D

After breakfast drive to Agra, stopping enroute at Fatehpur Sikri to visit the ancient capital city. Sightseeing involves up to one hour of easy walking. Continue driving 1 and a half hours to Agra and check into your hotel.



Destination Information

Fatehpur Sikri - Located 40km from Agra, Fatehpur Sikri was built by Emperor Akbar in 1569 after it was prophesied that the then childless Akbar would have sons if he moved his capital to the site. At great expense to the empire, the capital was moved here but sadly only occupied for 14 years before slowly being deserted and ruined after Akbar left the city due to a scarcity of water. While here, visit the remarkably well-preserved and graceful buildings within the Ghost City including the Jama Masjid, tomb

of Salim Chisti, Panch Mahal Palace and other palaces that speak of the grandeur and splendour of the Mughal Empire at the height of its power.

Agra - Home to the world famous Taj Mahal. Agra rose to fame in the medieval period as the capital of the Mughal Empire and was beautified with gardens, waterfalls, bathhouses and canals. In modern times, the city of Agra houses a thriving carpet industry.

Day 19: Agra

Meals: B, L, D

Rise early and begin the day by viewing the Taj Mahal in all its glory as the sun is rising. At a designated point the group will board smaller electric carts to continue to the entrance gate. For admission to the main mausoleum area, you are required to wear shoe covers (this may be provided on site – be prepared to bring an additional pair of socks).



Return to your hotel to freshen up before visiting a marble inlay workshop. In the afternoon explore the impressive Agra Fort. Sightseeing here involves a couple of hours on foot.

Destination Information

Taj Mahal - One of the most recognizable monuments in the world, the Taj Mahal is a white marble monument found on the southern bank of the Yamuna River. The Taj Mahal was built by the Mughal Emperor Shah Jahan between the years 1631-1648 in memory of his favourite wife, Mumtaz Mahal, who died in 1631.

Agra Fort - Situated on the west bank of the Yamuna River and built by Emperor Akbar between 1565 and 1573. Its imposing red sandstone ramparts form a crescent along the riverfront and encompass an enormous complex of courtly buildings, ranging in style from the early eclecticism of Akbar to the sublime elegance of Shah Jahan. The barracks to the north are British additions from the 19th century. A deep moat, once filled with water from the Yamuna River, surrounds the fort.

Day 20: Agra to Delhi

Meals: B, L, D

This morning say goodbye to Agra and commence the 4-hour drive to Delhi. This afternoon visit Qutab Minar and Lotus Temple (from the outside). Sightseeing in the afternoon involves approximately 2 to 3 hours of easy walking.



Destination Information

Delhi - As the capital of India, Delhi is the third largest city with a population of approximately 18 million. Its strategic location along the north-south, east-west route has given it a focal position in Indian history and many great empires have been ruled from here. The monuments and ruins of these are scattered throughout the city, often side by side with modern structures and high-rise towers.

Qutab Minar - Built in the 12th century, this tower of victory is gracefully hand-carved along its entire height of 73 metres. Also visit the Iron Pillar, which has withstood the ravages of time and has not rusted after 1,500 years.

Lotus Temple - Completed in 1986, the lotus shaped temple is set amongst pools and picturesque gardens; people devoted to all faiths gather here to pray or meditate in silence.

Day 21: Delhi

Meals: B, L, D

Discover Old Delhi this morning. Drive past the Red Fort, take a rickshaw ride to Khari Baoli spice market and walk to Jama Masjid. Have a photo stop at India Gate before continuing to the Parliament House. Sightseeing will take approximately 1 to 2 hours, followed by lunch. The rest of the day is at leisure.



Destination Information

Red Fort - Home of the Mughal emperor for many years, the fort is located in the center of Delhi and houses a number of museums. View the fort as you drive past.

Jama Masjid - Jama Masjid is the largest mosque in India, with a courtyard capable of holding 25,000 devotees. Built between 1644 and 1658, the mosque was Shah Jahan's final architectural achievement.

India Gate - Located at the end of the Rajpath, India Gate is a moving memorial to the 90,000 Indian servicemen who died in World War 1.

Day 22-23: Depart Delhi

Meals: B

You will be transferred to the airport for your overnight flight to New Zealand according to the departure time of your flight today. Any time before your flight will be at leisure.

Late check-out is not included in our India group tours. If you wish to book a late check-out for your final day in India, please contact our reservations department who can confirm additional pricing and make this arrangement for you, subject to availability at the hotel.

INDIA - TRAVEL INFORMATION

VISAS:

New Zealand passport holders currently do require a visa to enter India. Wendy Wu Tours Visa Department can assist you with the process of obtaining a visa. We will supply you with all paperwork if applicable and submit the visa application on your behalf. Your passport needs to be valid for at least six months beyond your intended return date to New Zealand.

Please note the visa procedures and requirements may change at any time. These changes are often made by the relevant embassy or consulate; Wendy Wu Tours acts as a third party and has no influence on the process of a visa. Your travel consultant will inform you if any changes are applicable prior to your departure.

INSURANCE:

We strongly recommend that you take out a policy as soon as you pay your deposit. Wendy Wu Tours cannot in any way be made liable for any additional cost incurred by the customer on any tour due to the customer not having adequate travel insurance.

We also encourage all customers to take a copy of their travel insurance documents (especially relevant international contact numbers) with them while on tour. We advise that you check the inclusions and procedures for lodging claims prior to your departure. These documents should be stored separately from the original

EATING IN INDIA:

Indian cuisine is one of the most influential, diverse and flavoursome culinary styles in the world. Indian dishes incorporate many spices and seasoning to create an explosion of flavours. Though Indian cuisine can vary greatly from the Indian food we get in New Zealand, it is important to keep an open mind and be adventurous. All meals (excluding drinks) are included in our classic group tours, from dinner on the arrival day until breakfast on the day of departure. Please be aware that dishes selected for your meals reflect the cooking styles and signature dishes of the local area you are in.

Dishes served in restaurants on our group tours are varied. Some will be vegetable-based with meat mixed in, and a few will be meat-based. Our restaurants are well aware of the western palate – there are plenty of non-spiced options. When eating meals on group tours, you will usually be seated around a large table with other tour members. Dishes will be served in the traditional ‘family style’; meaning that various dishes will be laid out in the centre of the table. These dishes are intended to be shared amongst the group – there is always more than enough to feed everybody.

We recommend that when it comes to Indian food, you stay open minded and try to be adventurous!

**PLEASE INFORM US OF ANY ALLERGIES AND/OR SPECIAL DIETARY REQUIREMENTS
AT TIME OF BOOKING**

RANTHAMBORE NATIONAL PARK SAFARI:

To ensure your safari booking at Ranthambore National Park we will require a scanned copy or photocopy of the bio page in your passport along with your deposit. Wendy Wu Tours cannot confirm your safari arrangements without this information.

ACCOMMODATION:

Your accommodation is selected for convenience of location, comfort or character, and can range from business hotel in one city to a family-run guesthouse in a smaller town or a heritage-type hotel. Hotels are generally rated as local three to four-star standard, but please note that there is no international classification system for hotels and differences in facilities and quality may exist between New Zealand and India. All group tour hotels have private western bathroom facilities and air conditioning where needed. Plumbing and electricity supplies can be erratic and quite often the power in hotel rooms is turned off while guests are out of the room. If you experience any difficulty, please speak to your National Escort.

Rest assured that all hotels used by Wendy Wu Tours are regularly inspected by our staff and our partners to ensure that standards meet your needs.

TIPPING POLICY:

Tipping while on holiday is common in most parts of the world and India is no exception. However, it is not always clear who it is appropriate to tip and how much. Furthermore, travellers may not have the right amounts of cash available at the right time. In order to avoid any inconvenience Wendy Wu Tours operates a tipping policy where a stated amount is given to your national escort at the beginning of your tour and tips are disbursed amongst your main service providers (for example local guides and drivers) throughout your tour. The amount is designed to be at a reasonable level for travellers while being fair to the local people and includes a gratuity for the national escort. Any other tipping, such as tips for bathroom attendants or hotel porters that are taking luggage to your room, is at your discretion based on satisfaction of services received, as are gratuities for additional requested special services.

We generally find that most customers appreciate the convenience of our tipping policy, but we do recognise that it may not suit everyone. However, as this is a group tour, we ask that everyone follows the same protocol to be fair to other group members and to ensure smooth operation of your tour.

TRANSPORT:

Coaches: Coaches with air conditioning are used on our group tours for city sightseeing, short excursions to the countryside and longer transfers where necessary. Main and inner city roads in India have a reputation for being very congested. For this reason, it may not always be possible to return to your hotel after sightseeing to freshen up before going to the restaurant for dinner.

Roads in India have generally been improved over recent years, but traffic and/or weather conditions may extend driving times. Road construction work usually covers an enormous section of road - not just one or two kilometres as you may be used to. For this reason, the timings listed in the sections above are approximations only.

LUGGAGE:

All travellers are limited to two items of luggage each: a suitcase with a maximum weight of 20 kg and one piece of hand luggage with a maximum weight of five kilograms. It is essential that your luggage is lockable. Please note that authorities will only allow bottles onto the aircraft if they have been checked in as main baggage. Bottles in hand luggage may be confiscated.

APPROPRIATE DRESS:

When visiting temples or mosques, both men and women should dress in conservative, non-revealing clothing. Full-length trousers with a shirt or t-shirt for men; and trousers or skirts well below the knee with a top that covers the shoulders and upper arms for women. Women might also consider carrying a 'modesty shawl' in their daypack – this could be a sarong or light scarf – which they can wear over their shoulders and heads to feel more comfortable while sightseeing at mosques. When visiting Jain temples, you must not wear or take in any leather items such as belts, watches, camera straps, purses and shoes.

Religious sites and homes throughout India – for Hindus, Jains, Sikhs, Muslims or Buddhists to name a few – require all visitors to remove their shoes to enter. Even if you then need to walk outdoors, over hot or rough ground, you will not be allowed to wear shoes. You will often find shoe storage rooms near the entrance of a site where it is customary to leave your shoes near the entrance. Occasionally there are 'shoe minders' who will offer to keep your shoes safe for a 'tip' – this is not compulsory so each customer can choose to tip for this service or not. If you do not want to remove your shoes, you will have to remain outside.

We recommend shoes that easily slip on and off, and carry a pair of thick, old socks in your daypack, which you can wear to protect your feet from any rough or hot surfaces.

CLIMBING STEPS:

Sightseeing at nearly all of the palaces, fortresses and some temples involves climbing quite a number of steps. These palaces were built to provide defense against potential invaders so nearly all of them stand on top of a hill, while the interiors have layers of narrow hallways and steps to slow down the advance of enemies once they were inside.

The steps tend to be quite large, not level and sometimes without handrails. Hindu and Buddhist temples or pagodas also tend to be built at an elevation, as this is the most auspicious position according to ancient beliefs. This means you sometimes need to walk from the bus park to the entrance, and/or need to climb some steps inside.

People with knee or hip injuries, who have poor balance or are otherwise unable to complete these activities independently should consider the suitability of this itinerary carefully.

EXCHANGING CASH:

US Dollars can be easily exchanged in India, provided notes are new and undamaged. We suggest exchanging your money before travelling to remote areas and smaller towns, as exchange facilities can be limited. Try and keep some small notes and coins on you, as on street stalls and in small shops they may not have the change to break up a high denomination note. If you decide to use US dollars, make sure they are in a good state (not ripped, etc.) or they will not be accepted. ATMs are common across India and we recommend using an ATM inside a bank where possible. Most major credit cards are widely accepted across the continent, though please bear in mind the charges of your provider. Debit cards are also widely accepted but may have a limit to the amount of cash you can withdraw – consult your bank about this before travelling.

PERSONAL EXPENSES AND OPTIONAL TOURINGS:

Personal Expense - You will need to take some extra money to cover drinks, laundry and souvenirs, plus any additional sightseeing that may be offered to you.

Optional Tours - May be offered in each city you visit during your tour. These are not included in the standard itinerary and will only be available if time permits and if seats are available.

Please ensure you have additional funds available if you feel you may wish to participate in any extra activities. Each option will be arranged locally by your National Escort/Local Guide, participation and tipping for optional excursions is completely at your discretion.

VACCINATIONS AND YOUR HEALTH:

We recommend that you contact either your Doctor or Health centre for advice on vaccinations and travel health. Safetravel has a comprehensive website that you may also find useful www.safetravel.govt.nz

BEFORE YOU LEAVE:

We strongly recommend registering your travel plans with www.safetravel.govt.nz as in the event of an emergency, New Zealand Consular assistance will be more readily available.

Up until the day you travel, it is vital you keep up to date and familiarised with the entry requirements as these can change at short notice. You are personally responsible for completing any entry forms, conducting any covid tests (if necessary), etc and adhering to countries' specific entry requirements.

You can also access the New Zealand Government's travel advisory service for up-to-date information about your destination on the same website.

AFTER YOUR BOOKING:

Once you have booked with Wendy Wu Tours, you will receive a confirmation invoice including a visa application form (if applicable), and a help sheet. Your final documentation pack will be sent to you approximately 2-3 weeks prior to departure.

Updated: May 2024